

Examples of frontogenesis (intensification of grad T) in response to deformation

Synoptic scale fronts form as a result of large scale deformation... enhancing initially broad gradients of temperature (Markowski & Richardson, p115)

We've encountered these important "differential properties" of the wind field**

$$\delta = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} + v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n} \quad \text{horizontal divergence}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} = v \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} - \frac{\partial v}{\partial n} \quad \text{vertical component of relative vorticity}$$

Two others are considered significant:

$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n} \quad \text{stretching deformation}$$

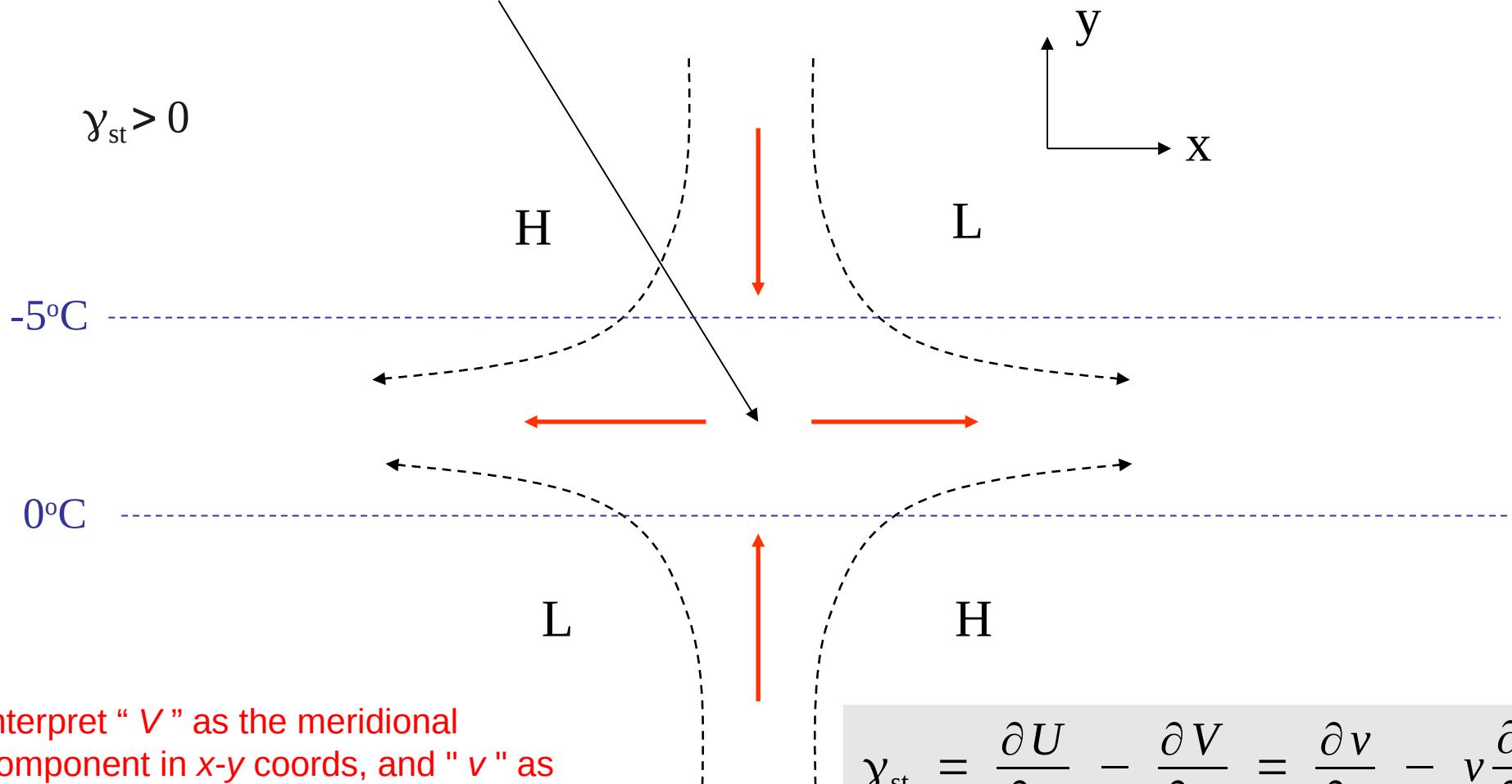
$$\gamma_{sh} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial n} + v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial s} \quad \text{shearing deformation}$$

infinitesimal

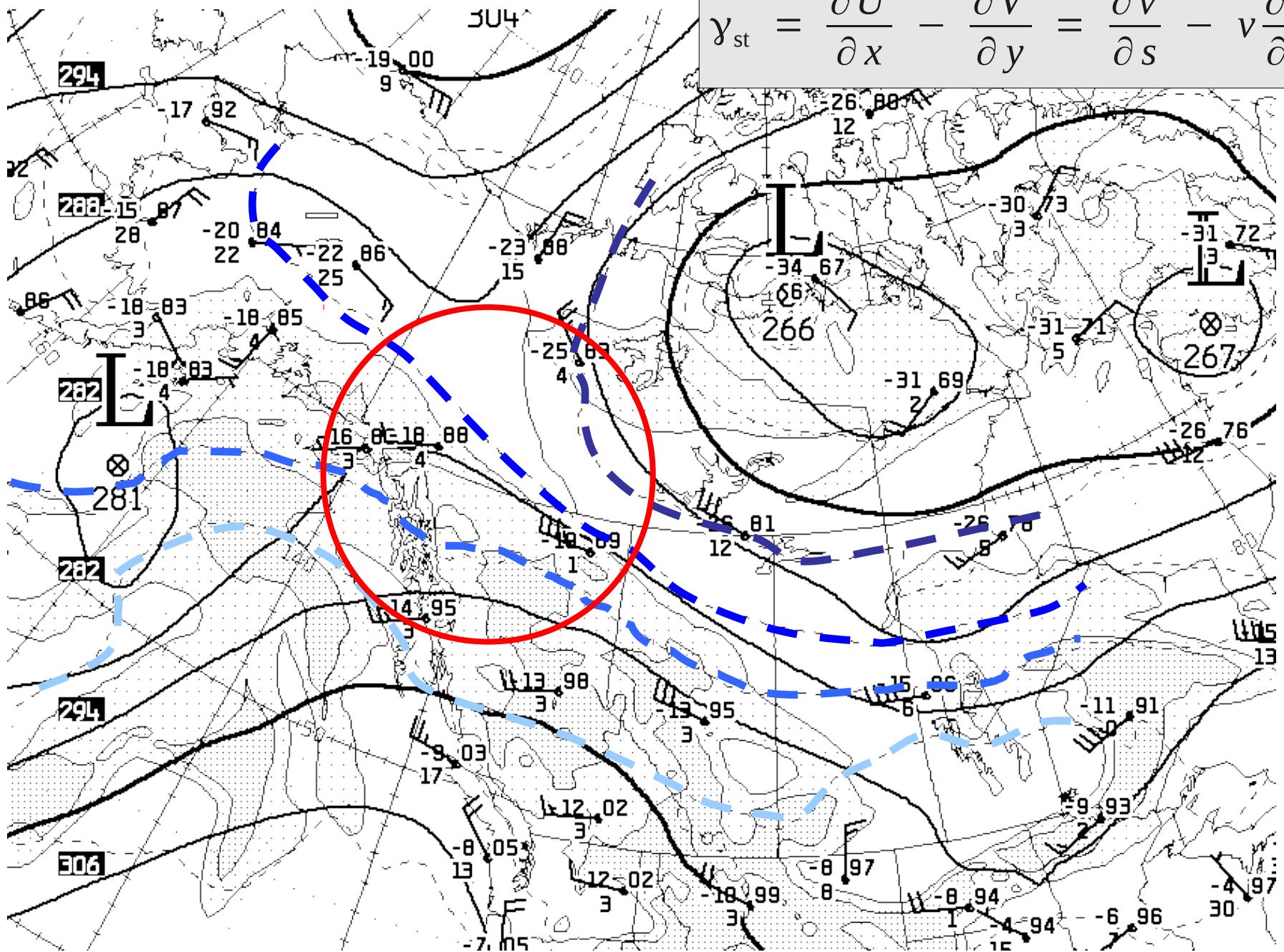
***A*two-dimensional sheet of air can be brought from one position to another by the cumulative application of a translation, a deformation, an expansion/contraction, and a rotation

Interpret "V" as the meridional component in x-y coords, and "v" as horiz. speed in natural coords

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial x} > 0, \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} < 0$$

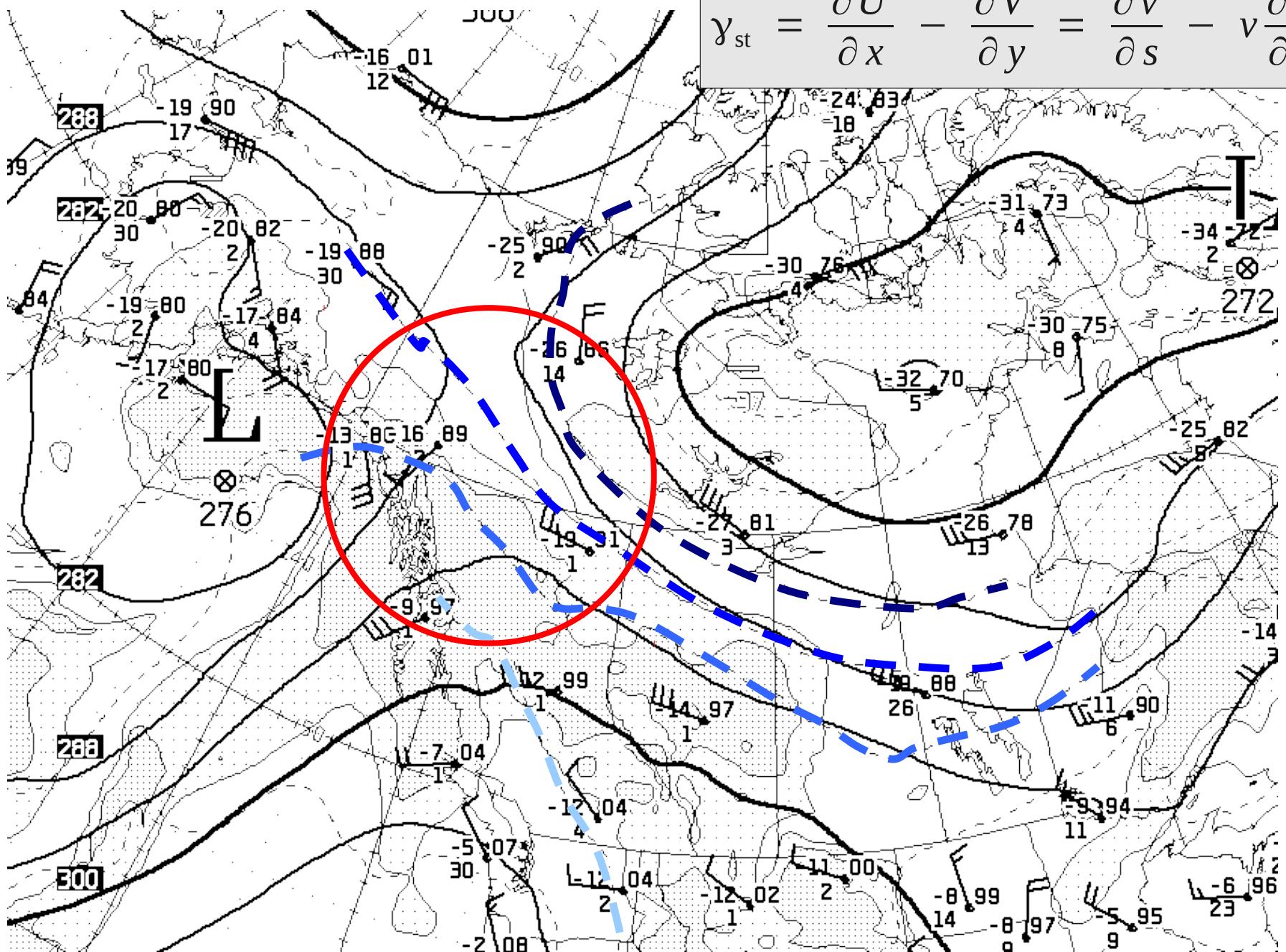


To evaluate which deformation component this exemplifies, focus on the centre-point. Streamline is undefined there, so we need to use the Cartesian axes. The stretching deformation is positive; however (assuming the contour pattern is symmetric) the shearing deformation is zero



$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$

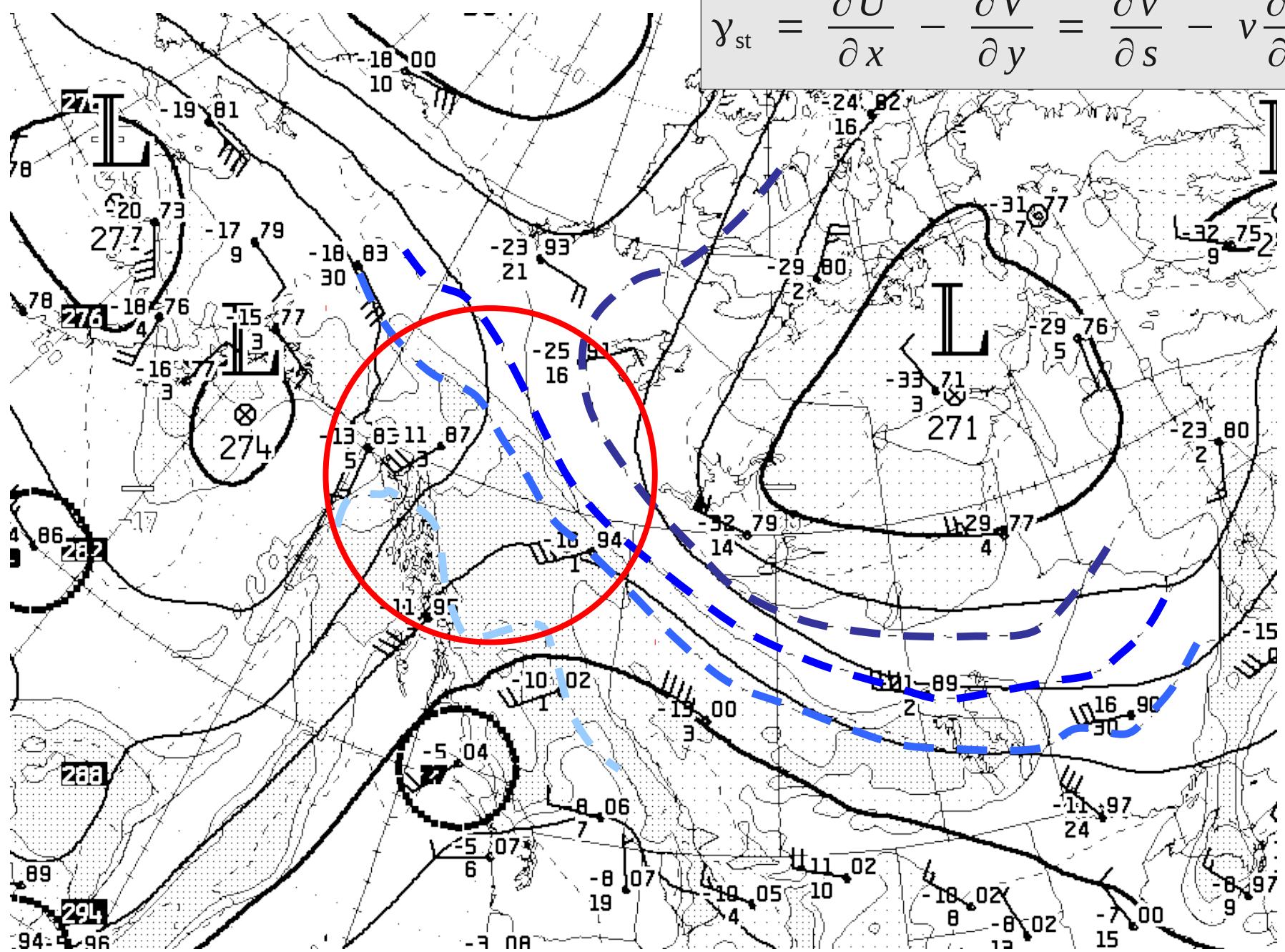
CMC 700 hPa analysis 00Z 23 Mar 2010



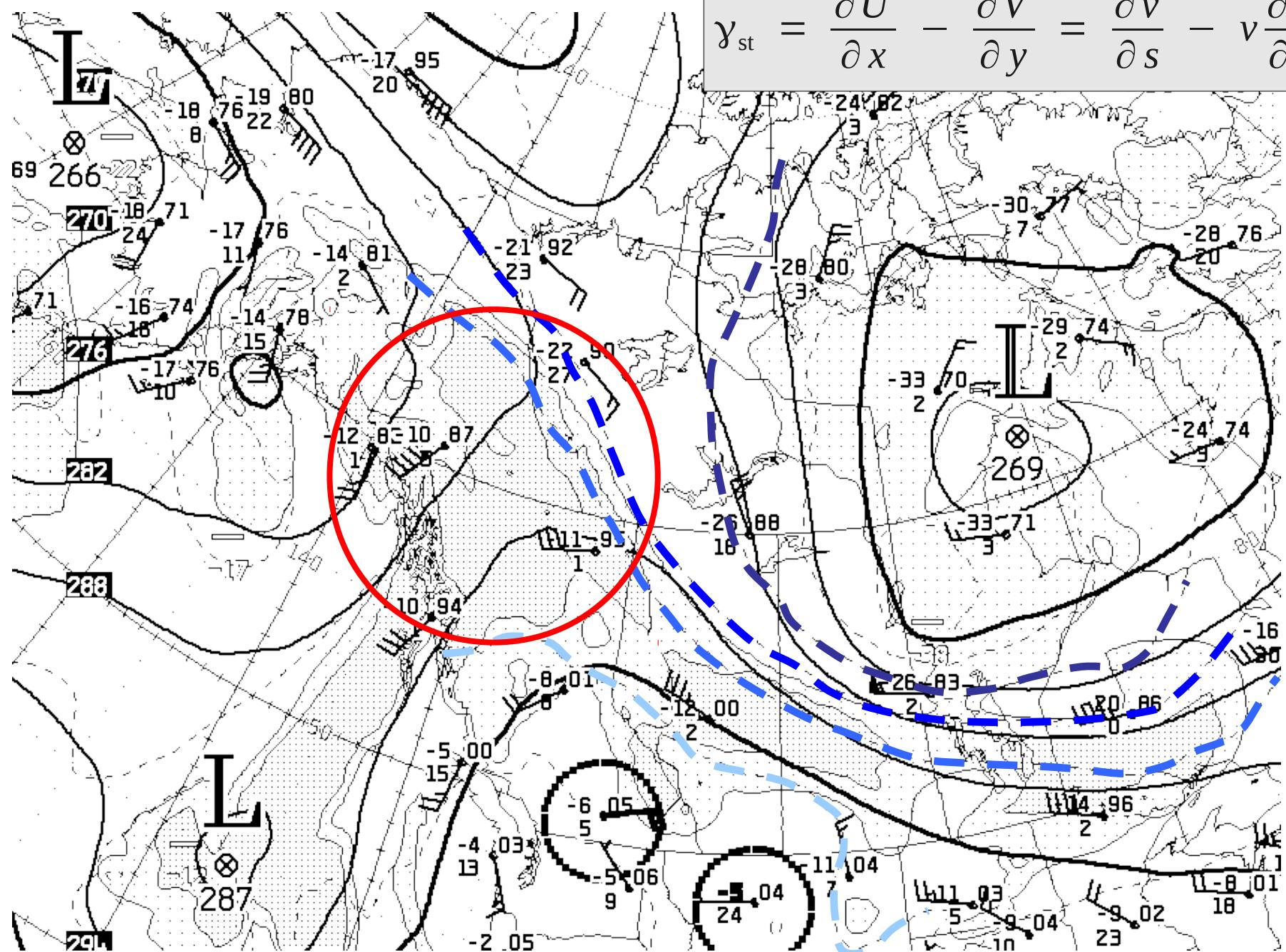
$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$

CMC 700 hPa analysis 12Z 23 Mar 2010

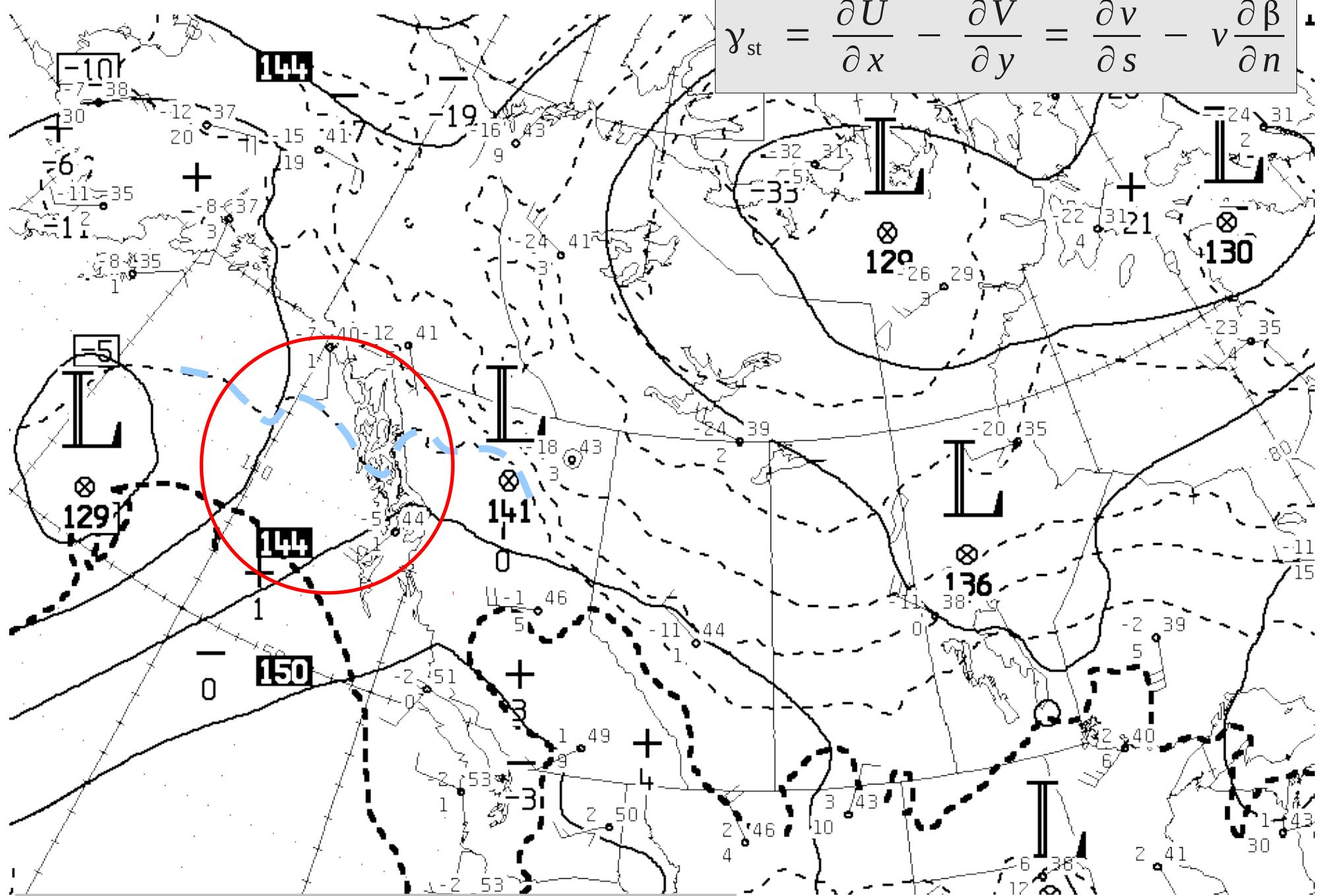
$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$



CMC 700 hPa analysis 00Z 24 Mar 2010

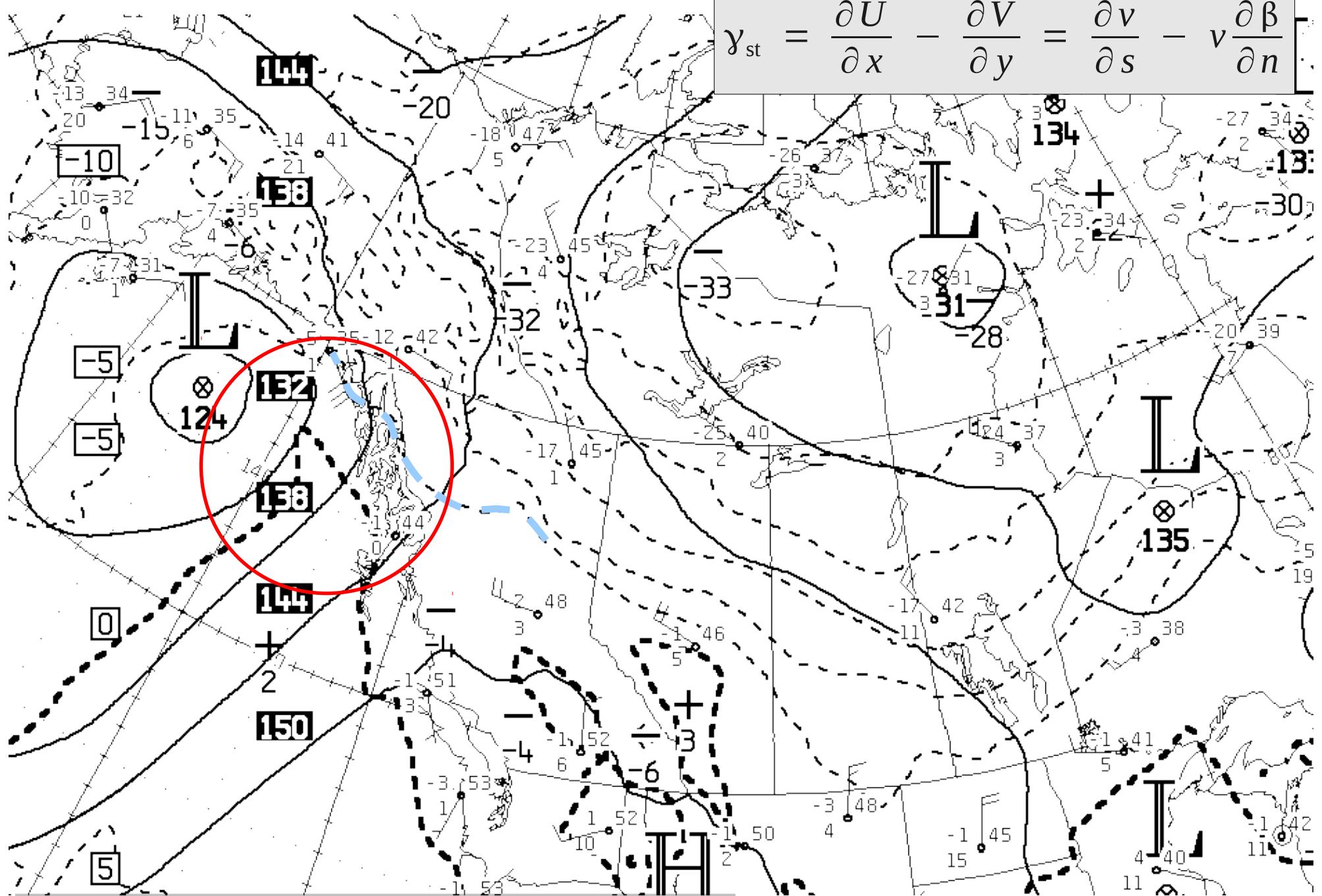


$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$

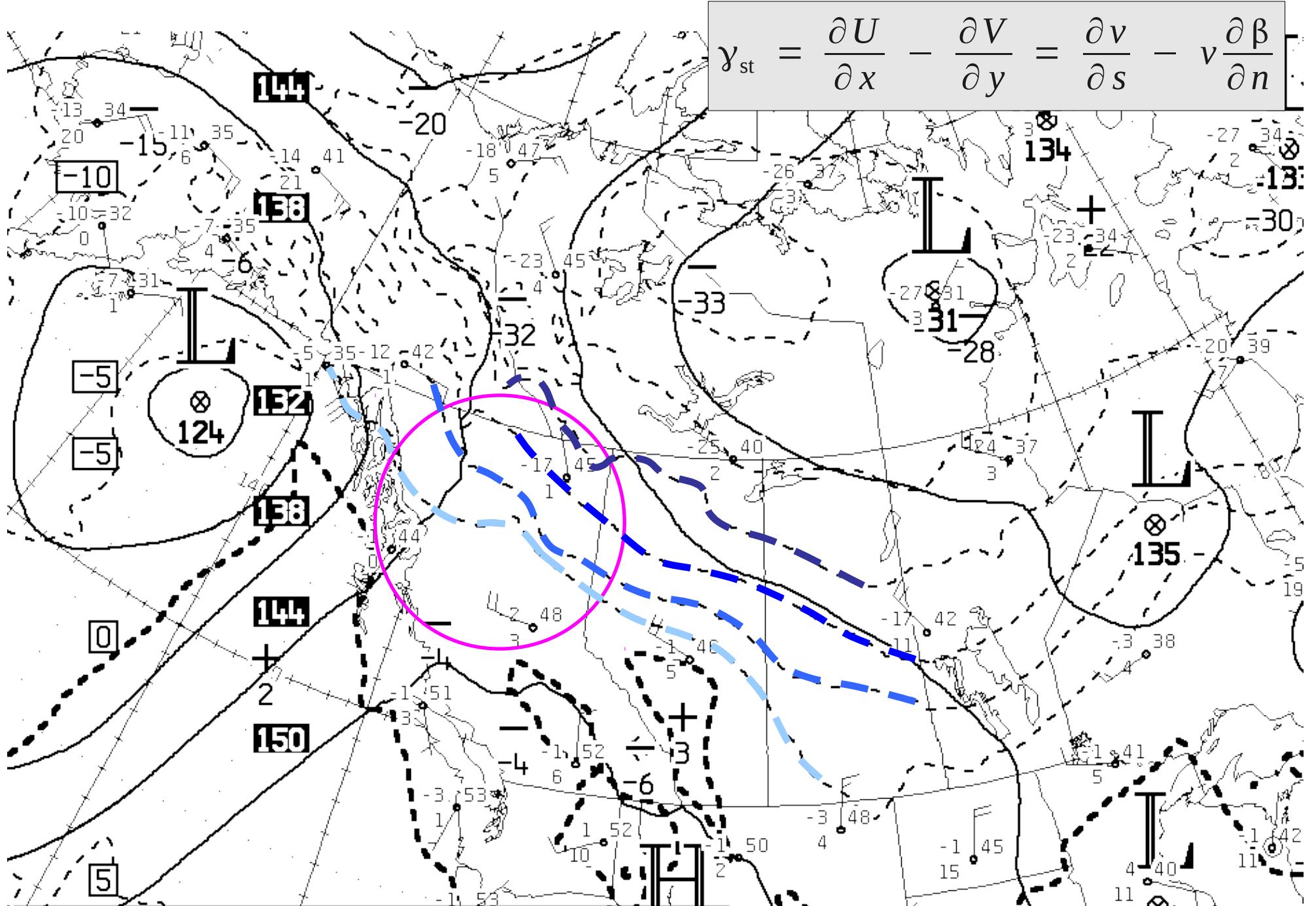


CMC 850 hPa analysis 00Z 23 Mar 2010

$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$

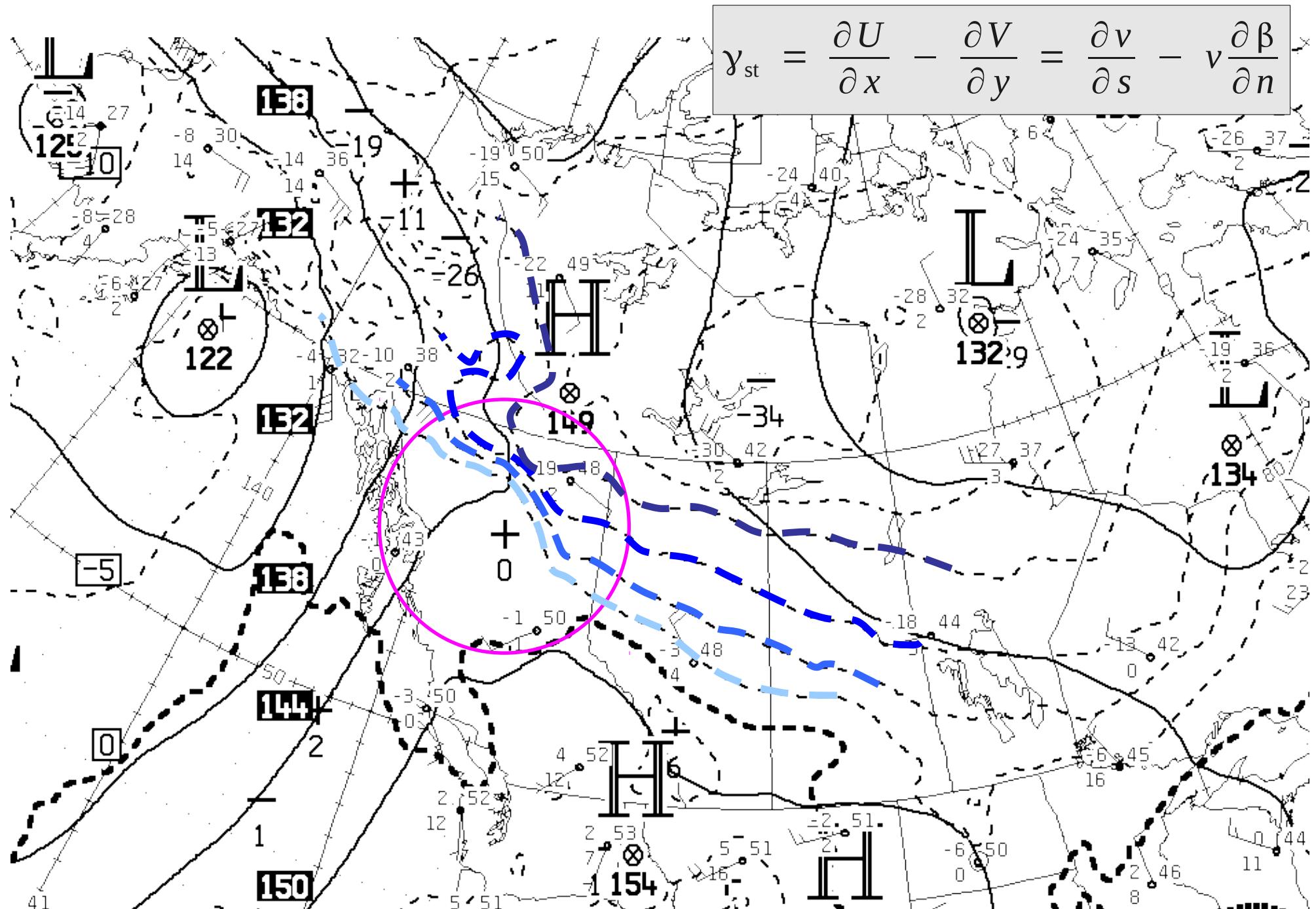


CMC 850 hPa analysis 12Z 23 Mar 2010



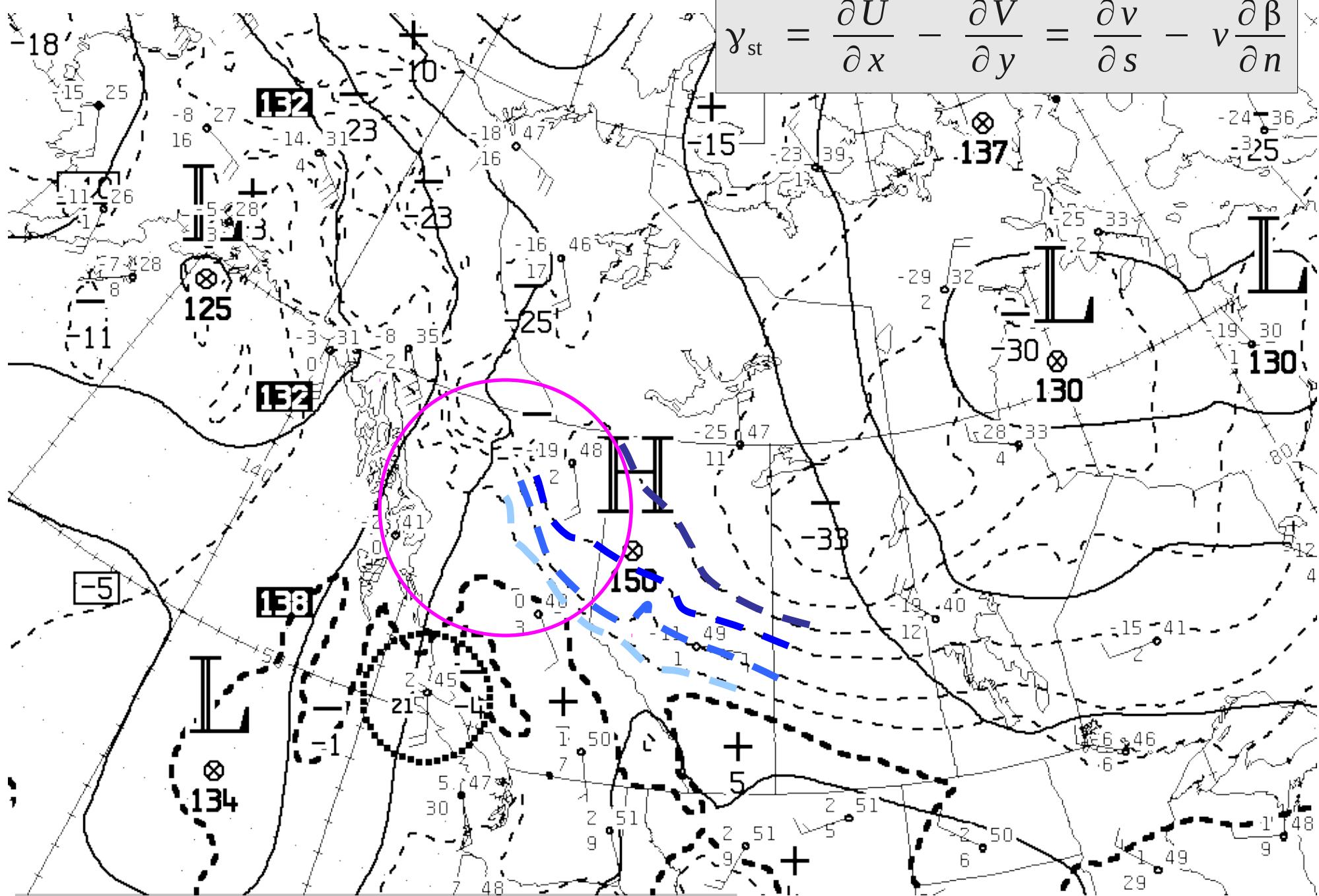
$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$

CMC 850 hPa analysis 12Z 23 Mar 2010



CMC 850 hPa analysis 00Z 24 Mar 2010

$$\gamma_{st} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} - v \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial n}$$



CMC 850 hPa analysis 12Z 24 Mar 2010