### EAS372

### Mid-term Exam

11 Feb., 2016

Professor: J.D. Wilson

Time available: 75 mins

<u>Value</u>: 15%

Open book exam. Please answer in the booklet provided.

#### A. Equations, graphs & calculations $(3 \times 2 \rightarrow 6\%)$

Answer any three questions in this section:

- 1. Plot the wind profile from the sounding of Table 1 on the blank hodograph, and draw on the thermal wind vector for the 850-500 hPa layer.
- 2. Give the components of the thermal wind vector  $\vec{V}_T = \vec{V}_2 \vec{V}_1$ , if  $\vec{V}_1$  is a south-westerly with speed  $|\vec{V}_1| = 7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  and  $\vec{V}_2$  is a north-westerly with speed  $|\vec{V}_2| = 17 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . (Hint: Pythagoras rule for right angle triangle with side lengths  $\alpha, \alpha, \sqrt{2\alpha^2}$ .)
- 3. Determine the components of  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$  in the case that  $\vec{A} = (1, -1, 0)$  and  $\vec{B} = (-1, 1, 0)$
- 4. Referring to Fig. (1), if a surface parcel were lifted moist adiabatically to the 500 hPa level, then returned dry adiabatically to 700 hPa, what would its final temperature be?
- 5. Referring to Fig. (2), determine the geostrophic wind speed at the point marked by a circle over Vancouver Island (take the latitude as  $50^{\circ}$ , implying  $f = 1.11 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{s}^{-1}$ ).

## B. "Live" web weather data $(4 \times 1 \rightarrow 4\%)$

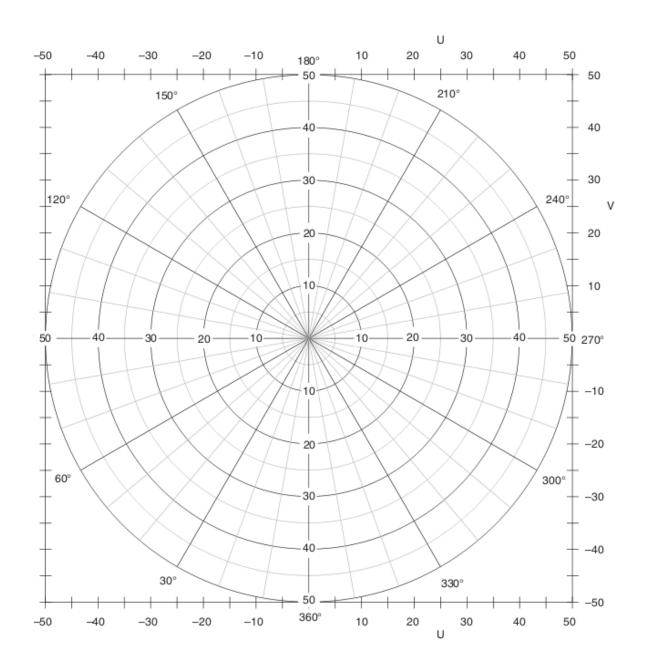
- 1. Retrieve and record today's 15Z METAR for CYEG (in standard format). Decode the low cloud type(s) and base height(s).
- 2. Give three values for today's 12Z thickness (1000-500 hPa) in the NE corner of Alberta: (i) Fort Smith (YSM) sounding, (ii) RDPS 0h prog and (iii) NAM 0h prog.
- 3. Compute the vapour pressure and absolute humidity corresponding to the 850 hPa level on today's 12Z Fort Smith (YSM) sounding. (For a sub-zero dewpoint temperature  $T_d$ , use the equilibrium vapour pressure over ice.)
- 4. Based on the GDPS prog. initialized at 00Z today (Thursday 11 Feb.), give a range for the cumulative precipitation over Edmonton for the 24 hours ending 00Z Friday 12 February.

# C. Interpretation of Weather Charts $(\rightarrow 5\%)$

Referring to Fig. (3), describe and contrast the meteorological regimes over Alberta on the two occasions.

Table 1: Stony Plain sounding, 12Z Monday 8 Feb. 2016.

935.0 766 -1.5 -10.5 230 5 276.9   850.0 1539 0.2 -0.8 320 26 286.3   700.0 3079 -7.3 -7.6 310 56 294.4	P [hPa]	z  [m ASL]	T [°C]	$T_d$ [°C]	DIR	SPD [knots]	$\theta$
500.0 5650 -20.3 -21.7 300 63 308.2	850.0 700.0	1539 3079	0.2 -7.3	-0.8 -7.6	320 310	26 56	286.3



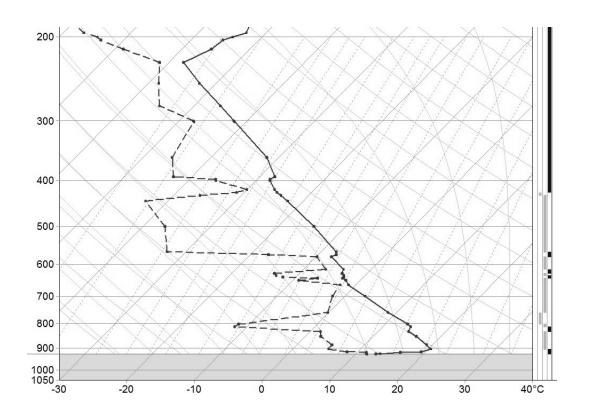


Figure 1: Stony Plain sounding, 12Z August 27, 2011.

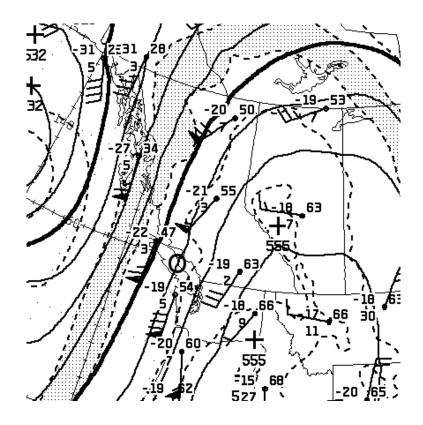


Figure 2: CMC 500 hPa analysis (cropped), 2 March 2010 at 00 GMT.

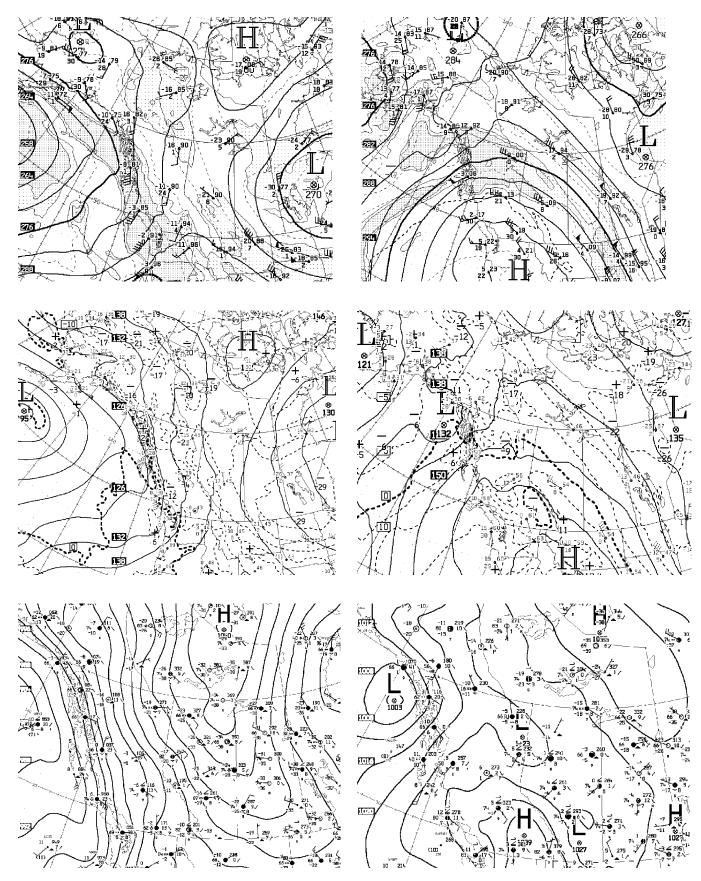


Figure 3: CMC analyses at 12Z on 16 Jan (left) & 00Z on 9 Feb (right), 2016.